# THE WILSON BULLETIN

#### NO. 52.

# A QUARTERLY JOURNAL OF ORNITHOLOGY

	the second se		
VOL. XVII.	SEPTEME	BER, 1905.	No. 3

## BIRD MIGRATION AT OBERLIN, OHIO.

BY ROB'T L. BAIRD.

In The Wilson Bulletin No. 40, September, 1902, an article upon "The Spring Migration of 1901, With an Average Table for Lorain County, Ohio," occurs under the writer's name. The presnt article has to do with the southward as well as with the northward migration, attempting to give the whole annual movement of the migratory birds. The former table of migrations was based upon a relatively few records, while the present one has for its basis all of the records made in the region of Oberlin for the past ten years.

For the greatest number of records I am indebted to Professor Lynds Jones, whose field studies have been so extensive about Oberlin. For many records I wish to express my thanks to Messrs. S. D. Morrill, D. F. Nye, and H. H. Skinner, who have shown great interest in the work and frequently accompanied us on trips. A large number of records are from my own note-bocks. Practically all of the records are from were made by myself, in the absence of Professor Jones.

It must be borne in mind that the dates given are for migraing birds. Several species which are listed among the migrants are represented all the year by a few individuals, while some which are given as passing north of this region to breed, and returning south of it to spend the winter, are represented all winter by a few individuals. Species belonging to both classes will be found mentioned in the appropriate places. Those persons who take the trouble to compare this series of

# THE WILSON BULLETIN-NO. 52.

lists with that published in 1902 will discover some differences in the times of arrival from the south of several species. This difference is accounted for by the much greater number of records from which this list is made.

#### SPRING MIGRATION,

ARRIVAL		DEPARTURE
Feb. 15-Mar. 1	American Crow	November 1
	American Robin	November 15
	Bluebird	November 15
March 1-10	Black Duck	April 1
	Canada Goose	March 25
	Killdeer	November 15
	Broad-winged Hawk	
	Sparrow Hawk	Oct. 15-Nov. 15
	Northern Flicker	Oct. 15-Nov. 15
	Red-winged Blackbird	November 1
	Meadowlark	November 1
	Bronzed Grackle	November 1
	Song Sparrow	Oct. 10-Oct. 21
March 10-20	Red-breasted Merganser	April 25-May 10
	Baldpate	April 25
	Pintail	April 5
	American Golden-eye	March 28
	American Woodcock	
	Mourning Dove	October 25
	Marsh Hawk	
	Cowbird	November 1
	Rusty Blackbird	May 1-10
	Field Sparrow	October 15–25
	Fox Sparrow	April 25
	Towhee	October 25
	Migrant Shrike	October 31
March 20-31	American Merganser	May 1
	Mallard	March 28 •
	Greater Scaup Duck	May 20
	Lesser Scaup Duck	May 20
	American Coot	May 5
•	Wilson Suipe	May 15
	Turkey Vulture	October 11
	Cooper Hawk	
	Belted Kingfisher	November 1
	Phœbe	October 15
	Chipping Sparrow	October 1–10
	Swamp Sparrow	October 1-10
	Brown Creeper	May 7

#### BIRD MIGRATION AT OBERLIN, OHIO.

April 1-10

April 10-20

April 20-30

Hermit Thrush Great Blue Heron Pied-billed Grebe Hooded Merganser Buffle-head Pectoral Sandpiper Vesper Sparrow Purple Martin Barn Swallow Louisiana Water-Thrush American Pipit Brown Thrasher Golden-crowned Kinglet American Bittern Horned Grebe Bonaparte Gull Ruddy Duck Greater Yellow-legs Bartramian Sandpiper Spotted Sandpiper Yellow-bellied Sapsucker Chimney Swift White-throated Sparrow Ruby-crowned Kinglet Loon Least Bittern Green Heron Solitary Sandpiper Yellow-legs American Osprey Red-headed Woodpecker Kingbird **Crested Flycatcher** Least Flycatcher Bobolink **Baltimore** Oriole Savanna Sparrow Grasshopper Sparrow Lark Sparrow White-crowned Sparrow **Cliff Swallow** Rough-winged Swallow Red-eyed Vireo Warbling Vireo Yollow-throated Vireo Blue-headed Vireo Black and White Warbler September 20

May 5 September 30 May 10 April 25 May 1 May 1 November 1 Aug. 15-Sept. 5 September 10-20 September 10 May 20 October 1 May 1 September 15 April 28 May 20 May 10 May 15 September 5 October 15 May 10-20 October 10-20 May 10-20 May 15 September 10 November 15 September 10 May 15 May 7 September 25 September 15 September 15 May 25 October I September 5 May 12 September 11 September 5 May 10-20 September 10-20 September 10-20 September 10-30 September 15 September 15 May 15

Blue-winged Warbler Nashville Warbler Yellow Warbler Myrtle Warbler Blk-thro'tdGreenWarbler May 25 Palm Warbler Oven-bird Northern Yellow-throat American Redstart Ca hird House Wren Long-billed Marsh Wren Blue-gray Gnatcatcher Wood Thrush Wilson Thrush Olive-backed Thrush Virginia Rail Sora Whippoorwill **Orchard** Oriole Lincoln Sparrow **Rose-breasted Grosbeak** Indigo Bunting Scarlet Tanager Orange-crowned Warbler Northern Parula Warbler Blk-thro'td Blue Warbler Magnolia Warbler Cerulean Warbler Chestnut-sided Warbler Blackburnian Warbler Pine Warbler Water-Thrush Kentucky Warbler Yellow-breasted Chat Winter Wren Grav-cheeked Thrush Common Tern King Rail Black-billed Cuckoo Nighthawk Ruby-thro'td Hum'ngbird Wood Pewee Green-crested Flycatcher Dickeissel Prothonotary Warbler Brewster Warbler

September 5 May 25 September 10 May 20 May 13 September 20 September 20 September 15 October 1 September 25 September 10 August 25 September 20 September 10 May 25 September 5 September 5 August 15 May 25 August 20 Sept. 25-Oct. 5 September 20 May 20 May 15 May 25 May 25 September 15 May 25 May 25 May 13 May 25 May 25 September 10 May 15 May 25 September 20 September 5 September 25 September 20 September 10 September 25 September 15

May 15

May 1-5-

May 5-10

#### BIRD MIGRATION AT OBERLIN, OHIO.

Golden.winged Warbler Tennessee Warbler **Bay-breasted Warbler** Black-poll Warbler Kirtland Warbler Prairie Warbler Hooded Warbler Wilson Warbler Canadian Warbler Black Tern Least Sandpiper Yellow-billed Cuckoo Traill Flycatcher Cape May Warbler **Connecticut** Warbler Mourning Warbler Turnstone Yellow Palm Warbler

May 23 May 30 May 11 May 15 May 25 May 30 May 25 September 10-25 May 20 September 25 August 25 May 20 May 25 May 25 May 31 May 25

May 25

#### FALL MIGRATION.

Pied-billed Grebe Herring Gull Bonaparte Gull Greater Yellow-legs Turnstone Blue-headed Vireo Nashville Warbler Blk-thro'td Blue Warbler October 1 Blk-thro'tdGreenWarbler Magnolia Warbler Chestnut-sided Warbler Water-Thrush Red-breasted Nuthatch Winter Wren Olive-backed Thrush Pintail American Coot Purple Finch White crowned Sparrow White-throated Sparrow Tennessee Warbler Myrtle Warbler Palm Warbler Golden-crowned Kinglet Ruby-crowned Kinglet

DEPARTURE October 25 May 20-30 September 10-20 October 15 September 10-20 September 10-20 October 15 October 5 September 25 September 10-20 September 10-20 May 20 May 15-20 October 20

October 20 May 1-10 October 10 November 10 September 25 November 1 October 1 May 1 October 25

May 10-15

May 15

ARRIVAL September 1-5

September 15-30

## THE WILSON BULLETIN-No. 52.

October 1–15	Horned Grebe	November 25
	Mallard	December 1
	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	October 10-20
	State-colored Junco	April 20-30
	Fox Sparrow	November 15
	Brown Creeper	April 30
	Hermit Thrush	October 25
October 15-30	Loon	October 20-30
	Black Duck	November 20-30
	American Golden-eye	November 20
•	Ruddy Duck	November 15
	Wilson Snipe	October 20-30
	Yellow-legs	October 20-30
	Tree Sparrow	April 20-30
November 1-30	American Merg <b>a</b> nser	December 20
	Hooded Merganser	November 20-30
	Greater Scaup Duck	Nov. 25-Dec. 10
	Bufflehead	November 25-30
	Horned Lark	March 1-15
	Lapland Longspur	April 10-20
	Northern Shrike	March 1-10
December 1—	Red-breasted Merganser	April 25-May 10
	Snowflake .	March 1-15

#### WINTER RESIDENTS.

Herring Gull.	Purple Finch.	
American Merganser (few).	Redpoll (rare).	
Red-breasted Merganser (few).	Pine Siskin (rare).	
Old Squaw.	Snowflake.	
American Rough-legged Hawk.	Lapland Longspur.	
Golden Eagle.	Tree Sparrow.	
Snowy Owl (rare).	Slate-colored Junco.	
Horned Lark.	Northern Shrike.	
Hoyt Horned Lark.	Brown Creeper.	
Canadian Pine Grosbeak.	Golden-crowned Kinglet.	

#### PERMANENT RESIDENTS.

The *Ruffled Grouse*, which I include in this list, is, I think, extinct in this county. The last records I have of it are in 1899, March 11, 18, April 15, and May 8.

A pair of *Pileated Woodpeckers* have been all year a few miles east of Wellington, this county, and they have nested there.

Ruffled Grouse (extinct). Bob-white. Northern Flicker. Blue Jay.

### BIRD MIGRATION AT OBERLIN, OHIO.

American Crow (few). Mourning Dove. Prairie Horned Lark. Red-tailed Hawk. Sharp-shinned Hawk. Meadowlark (few). Sparrow Hawk (few). American Goldfinch. Vesper Sparrow (rare). Pigeon Hawk. Song Sparrow. Bald Eagle. Towhee (few). Long-eared Owl. Cardinal. Barred Owl. Screech Owl. Cedar Waxwing. Carolina Wren. Great Horned Owl. White-breasted Nuthatch. Belted Kingfisher (few). Hairy Woodpecker. Tufted Titmouse. Downy Woodpecker. Chickadee. Pileated Woodpecker. Hermit Thrush (rare). Red-headed Woodpecker (few). American Robin (few). Red-bellied Woodpecker. Bluebird (few).

The following notes will aid in understanding the list: Horned Grebe.—Rarely seen in winter.

*Herring Gull.*—May well be classed as a winter resident. At least they are commonly found about Lake Erie until that freezes solidly; then they are found frequently about the harbor at Lorain.

*Black Tern.*—So far as I know, this bird does not nest in Lorain county. It is a summer resident, however, in this latitude, nesting commonly in the marshes just west of this county, about Sandusky.

American Merganser.—Was found January 1, 1901, at Lake Erie, and a number of other times in the winter. It seems commonly to remain as long as there is open water. Often found in pairs at this time. During the spring individuals visit the waterworks reservoir in the village of Oberlin.

*Black Duck.*—Also found occasionally in winter when there is open water. Since 1903 the common species here has been regarded as the *Red-legged Black Duck*.

Great Blue Heron.—The dates of this bird's arrival are, I am sure, much earlier than the most of those we have recorded. The main rivers of Lorain county are several miles distant on either side of Oberlin, hence we cannot visit these as frequently as we should.

Lesser Scaup Duck.—A few pairs remain to breed in the vicinity of Oberlin.

King Rail.—It has not been found nesting in the county, but undoubtedly would if suitable nesting places were to be found. It nests abundantly on Middle Bass Island.

*Virginia Rail.*—The record for May 22, 1897, is for nest and eggs showing that the bird must have been here two weeks or more earlier, though not seen.

*American Woodcock.*—In 1901 this bird was not found until April 19, when it was discovered with young. Hence its arrival was probably a month earlier.

Solitary Sandpiper.—I feel sure this bird must nest in the county, but it seems to disappear almost completely after the middle of May to reappear in July and August.

*Broad-winged Hawk.*—Was reported in 1903, Jan. 1 and 6, and March 13. I think this hawk is regularly a migrant, but a few may remain. Sometimes a good many are seen during migration.

Cooper Hawk.—The status of this bird is uncertain. A few winter here.

Golden Eagle.—Visits the shores of Lake Erie in the winter. Six or eight were seen February 8, 1904, perching on the blocks of ice out near open water.

Sparrow Hawk.—A few spend the winter, frequently coming into town at that time. In the winter I have found them eating English Sparrows in town.

Belted Kingfisher.—Will sometimes spend the winter if there is open water. Were found January 6, 1903. This last winter, 1904-5, they were found about both Vermilion and Black rivers.

*Yellow-bellied Sapsucker.*—This bird is mainly a migrant here, but I have two or three records of their nests being found. A nest with the birds was found July 1, 1901, at Chance Creek. Birds were found here July 14, 1897.

Least Flycatcher.—I have no record for this bird or its nest being found in the summer.

*Cowbird.*—I am sure the fall records for this and the Redwinged Blackbird can be made much later if other parts of the county are visited. In French Creek and Black River valleys, fifteen miles northeast of Oberlin, they were common in November, 1904. Canadian Pine Grosbeak .- A rare winter visitor.

*Purple Finch.*—A winter resident, but seemingly more abundant in the spring. I can give no very regular dates when they seem to be more numerous than usual. The records are scattering ones from January to May.

White-winged Crossbill.—Very rare. Only found in 1902. Both records were at the same locality.

American Crossbill—Very erratic in migrations. There was another record in 1898 by W. L. Dawson, but I have not the exact date.

Pine Siskin.—In 1902 was found first, January 7, and occasionally later, until May 13.

*Vesper Sparrow*.—In winter of 1903-4 a Vesper Sparrow wintered in the northern part of the county. This is the only record I have of this species doing this.

*Towhee.*—This bird has wintered the last two years at Chance Creek, ten miles northwest of Oberlin.

*Cardinal.*—There is some movement among the Cardinals some years. In 1899 it was very marked, but as a rule the Cardinals seem more abundant in the winter. They are found here fairly commonly the year round.

Brown Creeper.—A fairly common winter resident, yet it seems to have a pretty regular migration season when it is more abundant.

Golden-crowned Kinglet.—A common winter resident, but far more abundant during migration. Its migration reaches its height about as that of the warblers begins.

Hermit Thrush.-One winter record, that of Dec. 4, 1903.

Black-throated Green Warbler.—An occasional pair nests in the county.